

Makrolon 2407

General purpose grades / Low viscosity / High productivity Global grade; MVR 19 cm³/10 min; General purpose; Low viscosity; UV stabilized; Easy release; Injection molding; Available in transparent, translucent and opaque colors

ISO Shortname ISO 7391-PC,MLR,49-18-9

Property	Test Condition	Unit	Standard	Value
Rheological properties				
C Melt volume-flow rate	300 °C; 1.2 kg	cm ³ /(10 min)	ISO 1133	19
C Molding shrinkage, parallel	60x60x2; 280 °C / MT 80 °C; 500 bar	%	ISO 294-4	0.6
C Molding shrinkage, normal	60x60x2; 280 °C / MT 80 °C; 500 bar	%	ISO 294-4	0.65
Molding shrinkage, parallel/normal	Value range based on general practical experience	%	acc. ISO 2577	0.5 - 0.7
Melt mass-flow rate	300 °C; 1.2 kg	g/(10 min)	ISO 1133	20
Mechanical properties (23 °C/50 % r. h.)				
C Tensile modulus	1 mm/min	MPa	ISO 527-1,-2	2400
C Yield stress	50 mm/min	MPa	ISO 527-1,-2	66
C Yield strain	50 mm/min	%	ISO 527-1,-2	6.0
C Nominal strain at break	50 mm/min	%	ISO 527-1,-2	> 50
Stress at break	50 mm/min	MPa	ISO 527-1,-2	65
Strain at break	50 mm/min	%	acc. ISO 527-1,-2	115
C Tensile creep modulus	1 h	MPa	ISO 899-1	2200
C Tensile creep modulus	1000 h	MPa	ISO 899-1	1900
Flexural modulus	2 mm/min	MPa	ISO 178	2350
Flexural strength	2 mm/min	MPa	ISO 178	98
Flexural strain at flexural strength	2 mm/min	%	ISO 178	7.0
Flexural stress at 3.5 % strain	2 mm/min	MPa	ISO 178	73
C Charpy impact strength	23 °C	kJ/m ²	ISO 179-1eU	N
C Charpy impact strength	-30 °C	kJ/m ²	ISO 179-1eU	N
Charpy notched impact strength	23 °C; 3 mm	kJ/m ²	acc. ISO 179-1eA	60P(C)
Charpy notched impact strength	-30 °C; 3 mm	kJ/m ²	acc. ISO 179-1eA	12C
Izod notched impact strength	23 °C; 3.2 mm	kJ/m ²	acc. ISO 180-A	70P(C)
Izod notched impact strength	-30 °C; 3.2 mm	kJ/m ²	acc. ISO 180-A	12C
C Puncture maximum force	23 °C	N	ISO 6603-2	5200
C Puncture maximum force	-30 °C	N	ISO 6603-2	6200
C Puncture energy	23 °C	J	ISO 6603-2	55
C Puncture energy	-30 °C	J	ISO 6603-2	60
Ball indentation hardness		N/mm ²	ISO 2039-1	115
Thermal properties				
C Glass transition temperature	10 °C/min	°C	ISO 11357-1,-2	145
C Temperature of deflection under load	1.80 MPa	°C	ISO 75-1,-2	124
C Temperature of deflection under load	0.45 MPa	°C	ISO 75-1,-2	137
C Vicat softening temperature	50 N; 50 °C/h	°C	ISO 306	144
Vicat softening temperature	50 N; 120 °C/h	°C	ISO 306	145
C Coefficient of linear thermal expansion, parallel	23 to 55 °C	10 ⁻⁴ /K	ISO 11359-1,-2	0.65
C Coefficient of linear thermal expansion, transverse	23 to 55 °C	10 ⁻⁴ /K	ISO 11359-1,-2	0.65
C Burning behavior UL 94 (1.6 mm) [UL recognition]	1.5 mm	Class	UL 94	V-2
C Burning behavior UL 94 [UL recognition]	2.6 mm	Class	UL 94	V-2
Burning behavior UL 94 [UL recognition]	0.75 mm	Class	UL 94	V-2
Burning behavior UL 94 [UL recognition]	2.7 mm	Class	UL 94	HB
Burning behavior UL 94 [UL recognition]	3.0 mm	Class	UL 94	HB
Burning behavior UL 94 [UL recognition]	6.0 mm	Class	UL 94	HB
C Oxygen index	Method A	%	ISO 4589-2	27
Thermal conductivity	23 °C	W/(m·K)	ISO 8302	0.20
Resistance to heat (ball pressure test)		°C	IEC 60695-10-2	135
Temperature index (Tensile strength)	20000 h; 1.5 mm	°C	IEC 60216-1	130
Halving interval (Tensile strength)	1.5 mm	°C	IEC 60216-1	7.9
Temperature index (Tensile impact strength)	20000 h; 1.5 mm	°C	IEC 60216-1	120
Halving interval (Tensile impact strength)	1.5 mm	°C	IEC 60216-1	7.5

Makrolon 2407

Property	Test Condition	Unit	Standard	Value
Temperature index (Electric strength)	20000 h; 1.5 mm	°C	IEC 60216-1	130
Halving interval (Electric strength)	1.5 mm	°C	IEC 60216-1	7.4
Relative temperature index (Tensile strength) [UL recognition]	1.5 mm	°C	UL 746B	125
Relative temperature index (Tensile impact strength) [UL recognition]	1.5 mm	°C	UL 746B	115
Relative temperature index (Electric strength) [UL recognition]	1.5 mm	°C	UL 746B	125
Glow wire test (GWFI)	1.0 mm	°C	IEC 60695-2-12	850
Glow wire test (GWFI)	1.5 mm	°C	IEC 60695-2-12	850
Glow wire test (GWFI)	2.0 mm	°C	IEC 60695-2-12	850
Glow wire test (GWFI)	3.0 mm	°C	IEC 60695-2-12	850
Application of flame from small burner	Method K and F; 2.0 mm	Class	DIN 53438-1,-3	K1, F1
Needle flame test	Method K; 1.5 mm	s	IEC 60695-2-2	5
Needle flame test	Method K; 2.0 mm	s	IEC 60695-2-2	5
Needle flame test	Method K; 3.0 mm	s	IEC 60695-2-2	10
Needle flame test	Method F; 1.5 mm	s	IEC 60695-2-2	60
Needle flame test	Method F; 2.0 mm	s	IEC 60695-2-2	120
Needle flame test	Method F; 3.0 mm	s	IEC 60695-2-2	120
Incandescent bar test		Rating	IEC 60707-BH	BH2/< 30 mm
Burning rate (US-FMVSS)	>=1.0 mm	mm/min	ISO 3795	passed
Flash ignition temperature	Procedure B	°C	ASTM D1929	470
Self ignition temperature	Procedure B	°C	ASTM D1929	540

Electrical properties (23 °C/50 % r. h.)

C Relative permittivity	100 Hz	-	IEC 60250	3.1
C Relative permittivity	1 MHz	-	IEC 60250	3.0
C Dissipation factor	100 Hz	10 ⁻⁴	IEC 60250	5
C Dissipation factor	1 MHz	10 ⁻⁴	IEC 60250	85
C Volume resistivity		Ohm·m	IEC 60093	1E14
C Surface resistivity		Ohm	IEC 60093	1E16
C Electric strength	1 mm	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1	33
C Comparative tracking index CTI	Solution A	Rating	IEC 60112	275
Comparative tracking index CTI M	Solution B	Rating	IEC 60112	125
Electrolytic corrosion		Rating	IEC 60426	A1

Other properties (23 °C)

C Water absorption (Saturation value)	Water at 23 °C	%	ISO 62	0.30
C Water absorption (Equilibrium value)	23 °C; 50 % RH	%	ISO 62	0.12
C Density		kg/m ³	ISO 1183	1200
Water permeation	23 °C; 85 % RH; 100 µm film	g/(m ² ·24 h)	ISO 15106-1	15
Gas permeation	Oxygen; 100 µm film	cm ³ /(m ² ·24 h·bar)	acc. ISO 2556	800
Gas permeation	Oxygen; 25.4 µm (1 mil) film	cm ³ /(m ² ·24 h·bar)	acc. ISO 2556	3150
Gas permeation	Nitrogen; 100 µm film	cm ³ /(m ² ·24 h·bar)	acc. ISO 2556	160
Gas permeation	Nitrogen; 25.4 µm (1 mil) film	cm ³ /(m ² ·24 h·bar)	acc. ISO 2556	630
Gas permeation	Carbon dioxide; 100 µm film	cm ³ /(m ² ·24 h·bar)	acc. ISO 2556	4800
Gas permeation	Carbon dioxide; 25.4 µm (1 mil) film	cm ³ /(m ² ·24 h·bar)	acc. ISO 2556	18900
Bulk density	Pellets	kg/m ³	ISO 60	660

Material specific properties

C Viscosity number		cm ³ /g	ISO 1628-4	51
Refractive index	Procedure A	-	ISO 489	1.586
Haze for transparent materials	3 mm	%	ISO 14782	< 0.8
Luminous transmittance (clear transparent materials)	1 mm	%	ISO 13468-2	89
C Luminous transmittance (clear transparent materials)	2 mm	%	ISO 13468-2	89
Luminous transmittance (clear transparent materials)	3 mm	%	ISO 13468-2	88
Luminous transmittance (clear transparent materials)	4 mm	%	ISO 13468-2	87

Processing conditions for test specimens

C Injection molding-Melt temperature		°C	ISO 294	280
C Injection molding-Mold temperature		°C	ISO 294	80
C Injection molding-Injection velocity		mm/s	ISO 294	200



Makrolon 2407

C These property characteristics are taken from the CAMPUS plastics data bank and are based on the international catalogue of basic data for plastics according to ISO 10350.



Makrolon 2407

Disclaimer

Disclaimer for Sales products

This information and our technical advice - whether verbal, in writing or by way of trials - are given in good faith but without warranty, and this also applies where proprietary rights of third parties are involved. Our advice does not release you from the obligation to verify the information currently provided - especially that contained in our safety data and technical information sheets - and to test our products as to their suitability for the intended processes and uses. The application, use and processing of our products and the products manufactured by you on the basis of our technical advice are beyond our control and, therefore, entirely your own responsibility. Our products are sold in accordance with the current version of our General Conditions of Sale and Delivery.

Test values

Unless specified to the contrary, the values given have been established on standardised test specimens at room temperature. The figures should be regarded as guide values only and not as binding minimum values. Kindly note that, under certain conditions, the properties can be affected to a considerable extent by the design of the mould/die, the processing conditions and the colouring.

Processing note

Under the recommended processing conditions small quantities of decomposition product may be given off during processing. To preclude any risk to the health and well-being of the machine operatives, tolerance limits for the work environment must be ensured by the provision of efficient exhaust ventilation and fresh air at the workplace in accordance with the Safety Data Sheet. In order to prevent the partial decomposition of the polymer and the generation of volatile decomposition products, the prescribed processing temperatures should not be substantially exceeded. Since excessively high temperatures are generally the result of operator error or defects in the heating system, special care and controls are essential in these areas.

Publisher: Business Development Plastics

Bayer MaterialScience AG,

D-51368 Leverkusen,

www.bayermaterialscience.com